# Final Exam Outline – MHF4U

#### **Unit 1 – Polynomial Functions**

- Composite Functions
- Division of Polynomial Expressions (long or synthetic division)
- Factoring Polynomials using the Factor Theorem
- Factoring Difference and Sum of Cubes
- Solving Polynomial Equations
- Sketching Polynomial Functions
- Finding Equation of a Polynomial Function (given zeroes or points including complex roots)
- Solving Polynomial Inequalities (using a graph or table)

### Unit 2 - Limits & Introduction to Calculus

- Evaluating Limits (using substitution, multiplying by conjugate, replacing variable)
- Slopes of Secants and Tangents (what each represents)
- Finding Derivatives Using Shortcuts (sum, product and constant rules)
- Finding Equation of a Tangent Line
- Using Calculus to Sketch Functions (critical points, end behaviour)

(no 1<sup>st</sup> principles on final exam)

#### **Unit 3 – Logarithmic Functions**

- Exponential Growth/Decay (compound interest, half-life, etc)
- Sketching Exponential Functions
- Finding the Inverse of an Exponential Function and Logarithmic Function
- Sketching Logarithmic Functions
- Laws of Logarithms
- Solving Exponential Equations
- Solving Logarithmic Equations

#### **Unit 4 – Trigonometry**

- Radian Measure, arc length, etc.
- Sketching Primary Trigonometric Functions and Word Problems based on graphs of sine and cosine.
- Sketching Graphs of Reciprocal Trigonometric Equations.
- Addition/Subtraction Identities
- Double Angle Identities
- Proving Trigonometric Identities
- Solving Trigonometric Equations

## **Unit 5 - Rational Functions**

- Determining end behaviour of rational functions (using limits)
- Sketching Sums of Functions given Graphs
- Sketching Rational Functions as a Sum of Functions (from equation) using:
  - Using long/synthetic division
  - o Using partial fractions
  - By graphing the reciprocal function
- Solving Rational Equalities
- Solving Rational Inequalities

Provided exam formulae:

cos (A + B) = cos A cos B - sin A sin B sin 2x = 2 sin x cos x cos(A - B) = cos A cos B + sin A sin B  $cos 2x = cos^{2}x - sin^{2}x$ sin(A + B) = sin A cos B + cos A sin B

sin(A - B) = sinA cosB - cosA sinB